The Daily Gazetteer. Nu

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1744.

Yeſterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Moſcow, September 18.

IT has been a long time uncertain what Meaſures this Court would take with regard to the Affairs of Germany; but we begin now to ſee clearly, that the Court will purſue the old Syſtem, and ſupport her faithful Allies, the Houſe of Auſtria and the King of Poland. Warſaw is, at preſent, the Centre of Negotiations. Her Imperial Majeſty's Miniſter there has declared roundly, that the Czarina finding the Seaſon too far advanced for her to think of marching, or tranſporting by Sea, Troops into Germany, will ſee, with great Satisfaction, his Poliſh Majeſty grant to the Queen of Hungary the Succours which the preſent State of her Affairs demands; aſſuring his Majeſty at the ſame time, that, in caſe either his Regal or Hereditary Dominions ſhould be attack'd, on account of his granting ſuch Succours, ſhe will immediately march a Body of 40,000 Men to his Aſſiſtance. The High Chancellor, Count de Beſtucheff-Rumin, has written to his Excellency the Lord Tyrawley, to explain to him the Reaſons why they have not already marched the 18,000 Men demanded by him on the Part of his Maſter; and to aſſure him, that the Troops lately arrived from Sweden, ſhall march into Germany, for his Britannick Majeſty's Service, early in the Spring.

Rome, Sept. 26. The Deſertion in the Auſtrian Camp increaſes every Day, notwithſtanding all the Methods Prince Lobkowitz can take to prevent it. This the Count de Gages has occaſioned, by cauſing an infinite Quantity of Billets in Italian, High-Dutch, and French, to be ſcattered thro' the Auſtrian Camp, to inform the Soldiers, that they are ſoon to be put on a deſperate Retreat, without Pay, Proviſions, or Carriages; and that, in pure Pity to ſuch brave Men, he is willing to grant Paſſports to all who take Shelter in his Quarters, and to allow every Foot Soldier two Sequins, and every Horſeman, who comes mounted, ſix Sequins, towards bearing his Expences; which has ſuch Effect, that there go off daily, Twenty or Thirty, and ſometimes more. There is another Miſchief which has befallen this Army, no Way inferior to the former; and that is, a ſudden and grievous Mortality among the Horſes; occaſioned, as it is ſaid, by ſome bad Quality in the Hay, cauſed, very probably, by the Wetneſs of the Seaſon. Of late, the Deſertion is become ſo great, that to put a Stop to it, a Proclamation has been publiſhed in the Auſtrian Camp, forbidding, under Pain of Death, any body to talk of a Retreat, or even of a Decampment. It is, however, certain, that a new Embarkation will ſhortly take Place at Fuccicino; that Magazines are forming on the Frontiers of Tuſcany; and that it is deſigned, the Auſtrian Forces ſhall take up their Quarters in that Duchy, to cover it from the Spaniards.

Leghorn, September 26. One of the Engliſh Men of War which ſailed from this Port, on the 14th, returned on the 19th, with Diſpatches of Conſequence from Admiral Rowley. The Captain reports, that the whole Fleet, conſiſting of 32 Sail of the Line, is at Anchor off Cape Corſe; from whence Frigates are detached on every Side, in order to gain ſome certain Intelligence of the Enemy. We are likewiſe aſſured, that the Admiral has received Orders from Home, to return with his Fleet into the Road of Genoa, in order to obtain, from the Republick, a catagorical Anſwer, as to the Deſtination of that prodigious Armament which is making, as well in the Iſland of Corſica, as on the Continent. It is alſo ſaid, that Admiral expects a Reinforcement from Port- of 12 Sail that have been careening there.

Genoa, October 7. We have this Moment received the important News, that on the 2d of this Month, the King of Sardinia attack'd the Army of the Princes that were engaged in the Siege of Coni; and that, after a moſt obſtinate Engagement, which laſted four Hours, the Piedmontoiſe Army, which had advanced as far as the Stura, had been obliged to retire, and take Shelter behind the River; that there were near 7000 Men kill'd on both Sides; and that it was believed, the combined Army would very ſoon be Maſters of Coni.

Turin, Oberberry, October 5. We have an Account here, of the Action Engagement between the Sardinian Forces, and the Army of the Princes in Piedmont, which began about Five in the Morning, and laſted till Five, when his Sardinian Majeſty was obliged to retire; it is ſaid, the French and Spaniards have taken ſome Standards and Colours, and kept the Field of Battle; but it is likewiſe ſaid, that they have been ſo weaken'd by their Loſs in this Engagement, and by the great Number of Wounded, that they will be obliged to go into Winter Quarters without taking Coni. His Sardinian Majeſty gave the higheſt Marks of Perſonal Courage, having cauſed a Body of Horſe to diſmount, and putting himſelf at their Head, to ſecure a Paſs, thro' which his Army retreated.

Berlin, October 9. Our laſt Letters from the Army are of the 2d, by which we are inform'd, that Lieutenant-General Naſſau made himſelf Maſter, on the 30th, of the important Poſt of Budweis; and that, the Day following, he poſſeſs'd himſelf of the ſtrong Caſtle of Frauenbourg. The Gariſons of both Places were permitted to retire to the Auſtrian Army. The ſame Letters aſſure us, that it was believ'd his Majeſty would reach Tergen the ſame Day; and that he would afterwards continue his March towards Piſeck and Pilſen, in order to compel the Auſtrians to a Battle before they can be join'd by the Saxons.

Vienna, October 3. On the 1ſt of this Month the Earl of Holderneſs, his Britannick Majeſty's Ambaſſador to the Republick of Venice, had a particular Audience of the Queen, and afterwards of the Grand Duke. The ſame Day a Conference was held on the Affairs of Italy, at the Apartments of the Grand Chancellor Count Uhlefeldt; at which aſſiſted the two Britiſh Miniſters, viz. the Earl of Holderneſs and Sir Thomas Robinſon; and the Count de Canales, Ambaſſador from his Sardinian Majeſty. In the Evening there was another Conference with the Venetian Ambaſſador, to which the Britiſh Miniſters were invited; at the Cloſe of which, an Expreſs was diſpatch'd to Prince Lobkowitz, with Orders of great Importance. It is thought that the Affair of Prague will be attended with very fatal Conſequences; the Council of War having reported, that the Commandants, the Gariſon, the Militia, and the Burghers, were all faulty alike in their Conduct, the Place being well provided, and capable, in every Reſpect, of making a long and vigorous Defence. Upon which the Count de Harſch has been arreſted, and Field-Marſhal Count Ogilvie, who was on the Road hither, has been order'd to retire to his Eſtate, till her Majeſty ſhall ſignify her Pleaſure to him farther. We juſt now learn by an Expreſs from the Army, the Prince Charles, with all his Troops, is at Pilſick; and that there is nothing between him and the King of Pruſſia but the River Moldace; ſo that we expect very ſoon to hear of a general Engagement.

Nuremberg, October 8. We have certain Advice, that the Saxon Troops have actually join'd Prince Charles of Lorrain. The Affair of Leipſick is like to prove this Year very inſignificant; the Traders being deterred from going thither, for fear of falling into the Hands of the Huſſars. His Poliſh Majeſty has order'd not only a great Body of Troops to be poſted on his Frontiers, but has likewiſe directed a Line to be made, by cutting down a vaſt Number of Trees; and where the Ground would allow it, throw'd up ſtrong Retrenchments, in order to cover his Electorate of Saxony. Theſe ſeem to be very neceſſary Precautions, ſince a general, and deciſive Battle, muſt very ſpeedily happen in Bohemia; which, whatever Turn it takes, cannot but endanger his Territories; ſince, if the Pruſſians are victorious, they will, probably, make an Irruption into Saxony; and if they are beat, it is highly probable they may endeavour to take Shelter in that Electorate. This is certain, that the Officers of the Saxon Troops and Militia have poſitive Orders not to admit any Foreigners, Deſerters, Fugitives, or whatever elſe they may be, to paſs that Line.

Paris, October 12. The King arrived on the 5th at Strasbourg, where he was complimented by a Deputation from the Helvetick Body, on the Recovery of his Health; and he was to ſet out as Yeſterday, for the Chmp before Fribourg. The Count de Clermont has been detached with eight Battalions and 46 Squadrons, to oblige the City of Conſtance to do Homage to the Emperor; the Duke de Cruſſol is alſo marched with 14 Battalions, to reinforce the Imperial Army in Bavaria. The King has given the Command of a Squadron, which is fitting out at Toulon, and which will conſiſt of five Men of War; one of 70 Guns, two of 60, one of 50, and one of 26, to M. de Lage. We are aſſured, that Fribourg cannot hold out beyond the 20th. This Moment we have certain Advice of a bloody Battle in Piedmont; in which, it is ſaid, our Troops have taken ſome Standards and Colours, and remain Maſters of the Field of Battle, but with the Loſs of 3000 Men, and ſeveral Officers of Diſtinction. We have no certain Account, whether the Siege of Coni be raiſed or carried on, but the former ſeems the moſt probable.

Hague, October 17. On the 13th of this Month, General Debroſſes, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the King of Poland, Elector of Saxony; declared to the Preſident of the States General, that the King, his Maſter, as Elector of Saxony, was reſolved to grant a Corps of Auxiliaries to the Queen of Hungary; in Virtue, as well of the Old, as of the New Treaties, ſubſiſting between the Courts of Dreſden and Vienna; but that his Majeſty did not, by any Means, intend, by that Step, to enter into a War, either with the Emperor, or the King of Pruſſia; no body having a greater Veneration for his Imperial Majeſty, as the Head of the Empire; and that he was determined to obſerve a ſtrict Neutrality, with reſpect to his Imperial Majeſty's Hereditary Dominions.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, October 10. Wind S. W. Remain in the Downs his Majeſty's Ships Wincheſter and Princeſs Louiſa, the Swift Privateer, and the Outward-bound as per laſt.

Gravesend, October 10. Paſſed by the Allen, Cloed, and the Thornton, Goatley, both from Petersburgh; and the Warren Galley, Huddy, from a Cruize.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At St. Kitts, the George, Tovey, from Africa.

At Antigua, the Black Prince, Norris, from Africa; and her Prize, a Snow, taken on the Coaſt, with Seventy Negroes.

At Leghorn, the Italian Merchant, Ribie, from Genoa.

At Hamburgh, the Union, Johnſon, and the ———, Flower, both from London.

At La Vera Cruz, the Perfecta and the Briliante, both from Cadiz.

LONDON.

Private Letters from Vienna ſay, that Prince Lobkowitz has received Orders to march thro' Tuſcany, into the Dominions of the State of Genoa, at the ſame time the Britiſh Fleet bombards the City.

According to ſome Advices from Hamburgh, the Count de St. Swerin, the French Miniſter to the Dyet of Grodno, is charged with a Manifeſto from King Staniſlaus, which is likely to produce new Troubles.

Our laſt Advices from Flanders ſay, that the French intend to ſlight ſome of their new Conqueſts; and that both Armies are making the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for going, immediately, into Winter Quarters.

There are Advices from Martinico, which ſay, that the French are ſo bare of Proviſions at that Place, as not to be able to fit out three Privateers, after all their Boaſts of ſending out near 30 Sail.

The Charming Peggy, Johnſon, from Riga, and the Betty, Appleby, from Stockholm, both for London, are taken by the French, and carried into Dunkirk.

The Liverpool Man of War, with the Delaware, Captain Jolly, from Scanderoon for London; and five Ships more from Turkey, ſailed from Modon, in the Morea, the 12th of Auguſt, O. S.

Laſt Tueſday Night a Truſs-Maker, who lives in Bartholomew Cloſe, was attack'd near the Hoſpital Gate, Weſt Smithfield, by three Fellows, who robb'd him of his Watch and Money.

Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, his Majeſty receiv'd the Compliments of the Nobility and Gentry, upon that Occaſion, at his Palace at Kenſington.

The ſame Day the Right Hon. the Earl of Lincoln was married to Miſs Pelham, eldeſt Daughter to the Right Hon. Henry Pelham, Eſq; Brother to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle. The Ceremony was performed at Mr. Pelham's Houſe in Arlington-ſtreet, St. James's.

We hear, that all the Writings belonging to the Accompts of the Army, were deſtroy'd in the Fire which happen'd at Sir Philip Meadows's on Wedneſday Night.

Yeſterday Morning the Houſe of one Mr. Alexander, a Brewer to Mr. Scott, in the Broad Way, Weſtminſter, was broke open, and robb'd of ſeveral Things of Value.

Yeſterday Mary Beaumont was committed to Newgate by Mr. Alderman Cokayne, for ſtealing out of the Shop of Mr. Alexander Mackeen, of Fee-lane, two Linen Shirts.

As was likewiſe Anne Anderſon, by Mr. Alderman Gibbon, for ſtealing a Gold Ring out of the Houſe of Mr. Jeremiah King, of King's Coffee-Houſe, Whitefriers.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	02 42	02 59

Bank Stock, 148. India, 179. South Sea, 109. Old Annuity, 111 7-8ths. New ditto, 110 1-half to 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 93 1-4th. Ditto 1743. 92 5-8ths to 3-4ths. Ditto 1744, 93. Seven per Cent. Loan, No

ive per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal ..., 89. London Assurance, 11 1-4th. India Bonds, 2 l. 18 s. to 17 s. Bank Circulation 2 l. 7 s. 6 d. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, 117. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 11 l. 1 s. 6 d. to 2 s.

Tickets, and Shares of Tickets, Chances, and Shares of Chances, as Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, in the preſent Lottery, are ſold at the State Lottery Office under the Royal Exchange.

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S C H E M E.

Prizes.	l.				l.
2 of	10,000	each	—	is —	20,000
4 —	5000		—	—	20,000
5 —	2000		—	—	10,000
12 —	1000		—	—	12,000
25 —	500		—	—	12,500
199 —	100		—	—	19,900
404 —	50		—	—	20,200
9129 —	20		—	—	182,580
9780 Prizes, amounting to			—	—	297,180
First Drawn			—	—	500
Laſt Drawn			—	—	1000
50210 Blanks, at 6 l. each			—	—	301,320
60,000 Tickets, at 10 l. each			—	—	600,000

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N. B. There are 20,000 Tickets leſs in this Lottery than were in the laſt; and but Five Blanks to a Prize in this, whereas there were Seven in the laſt.

Letters (Poſt paid) will be duly anſwered; and Schemes given gratis.

So many of the large Prizes have been ſold, ſhar'd, and Regiſter'd at theſe Offices, that we have not Room to ſpecify the particular Number of each.

Admiralty-Office, October 11, 1744.

THE *Leave of Abſence given to the Petty-Officers and Foremaſtmen late belonging to his Majeſty's Ships the* Kent *and Grafton, being expired; Notwithſtanding which, ſeveral of them have not yet appeared on board his Majeſty's Ship the* Royal Sovereign, *on board of which Ship they were directed to repair, ſo ſoon as their Leave was expired; the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty do hereby ſtrictly direct the ſaid Petty-Officers and Foremaſtmen to repair immediately on board the* Royal Sovereign. *at the Nore; but if they fail in going on board the ſaid Ship, they will not only loſe the Remainder of their Wages for the* Kent *and* Gratton, *but Directions will be given for apprehending them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deſerters.*

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SO exceedingly valued by Ladies of Quality and all who have uſed it, for its tranſcendent excellency in Beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands to the moſt exquiſite Perfection poſſible, is to be had only at Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpreſſible fine Air to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a ſurpriſing Handſomneſs to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceedingly ſmooth, ſoft, and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can ſooner or more certainly take away all diſagreeable Redneſs, Spots, Pimples, Heats, Sunburnneſs, Morphew, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small-Pox, Sun-burn, or any other Diſcolouring, nor remove all Wrinkles ſo perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become ſo incomparably fine, clear, plump, ſoft, and beautifully fair, as cauſe Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a moſt engaging reſplendent Brightneſs to the whole Countenance, and cauſes ſparkling Life, Spirit, and a genuine Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing like Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck, or Hands, and tho' brown, red or yellow, to a natural, youthful Fairneſs, Smoothneſs, and moſt charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; nay this ROYAL BEAUTIFIER prepared from the lead-cle of Mercury, or any Thing Metaline, but is perfectly harmleſs and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has a pleaſant Scent, will not ſoil the fineſt Lawn, and is very agreeable to uſe.

But theſe its admirable Properties, by which it far exceeds any Thing whatever for the like Purpoſe, have occaſioned many to imitate it, under various other Names, beware therefore of ſuch Impoſitions, the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given ſuch univerſal Satisfaction to the Ladies of Diſtinction, being only to be had at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop above-mentioned at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

An Infallible and Inſtant Cure

For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS *of* HEARING, PAIN *or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. by the Chymical Specifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in this Kingdom, for they directly cure Deafneſs, be it ever ſo bad, and all Noiſes of Hearing and Noiſe in the Ears, almoſt at once, even after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, the leaſt Uneaſineſs whatever, as many Thouſands have experienced.

They effectually remove all Pain occaſion'd by Cold, from the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerves from Obſtruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing from the moſt in an Inſtant, cauſing thoſe to hear exceeding well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were ſo very bad, as not able to hear the leaſt when beat cloſe by them, and therefore deſpaired of ever being ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by them to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the ſpeedy and almoſt immediate Cure of DEAFNESS, proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever; but the great Eſteem and Reputation they have juſtly gained for many Years paſt, have occaſion'd (as in other Caſes) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of ſuch Impoſitions, theſe excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of the Widow women at the two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

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